

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

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PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

* * * * * Welcome to STN International * * * * *

NEWS	1		Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS	2		"Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS	3	Jun 03	New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS	4	Aug 08	PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS	5	Aug 19	Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE) now available on STN
NEWS	6	Aug 26	Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS	7	Sep 03	JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS	8	Sep 16	Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS	9	Sep 16	CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS	10	Oct 01	CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS	11	Oct 24	BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS	12	Oct 24	Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN
NEWS	13	Nov 18	DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS	14	Nov 25	More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
NEWS	15	Dec 04	CSA files on STN
NEWS	16	Dec 17	PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date
NEWS	17	Dec 17	TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content
NEWS	18	Dec 17	Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN
NEWS	19	Jan 29	Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX, ENERGY, INSPEC
NEWS	20	Feb 13	CANCERLIT is no longer being updated
NEWS	21	Feb 24	METADEX enhancements
NEWS	22	Feb 24	PCTGEN now available on STN
NEWS	23	Feb 24	TEMA now available on STN
NEWS	24	Feb 26	NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation
NEWS	25	Feb 26	PCTFULL now contains images
NEWS	26	Mar 04	SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results
NEWS	27	Mar 20	EVENTLINE will be removed from STN
NEWS	28	Mar 24	PATDPAFULL now available on STN
NEWS	29	Mar 24	Additional information for trade-named substances without structures available in REGISTRY
NEWS	30	Apr 11	Display formats in DGENE enhanced
NEWS	31	Apr 14	MEDLINE Reload
NEWS	32	Apr 17	Polymer searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS	33	Jun 13	Indexing from 1947 to 1956 added to records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS	34	Apr 21	New current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency in WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX
NEWS	35	Apr 28	RDISCLOSURE now available on STN
NEWS	36	May 05	Pharmacokinetic information and systematic chemical names added to PHAR
NEWS	37	May 15	MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS	38	May 15	Supporter information for ENCOMPAT and ENCOMPLIT updated
NEWS	39	May 16	CHEMREACT will be removed from STN
NEWS	40	May 19	Simultaneous left and right truncation added to WSCA
NEWS	41	May 19	RAPRA enhanced with new search field, simultaneous left and right truncation
NEWS	42	Jun 06	Simultaneous left and right truncation added to CBNB
NEWS	43	Jun 06	PASCAL enhanced with additional data
NEWS	44	Jun 20	2003 edition of the FSTA Thesaurus is now available

NEWS 45 Jun 25 HSDB has been reloaded

NEWS EXPRESS April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT
MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003
NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

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* * * * * STN Columbus * * * * *

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:17:49 ON 03 JUL 2003

=> fil reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.21

0.21

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:17:54 ON 03 JUL 2003

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 2 JUL 2003 HIGHEST RN 541497-70-5

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 2 JUL 2003 HIGHEST RN 541497-70-5

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STN Note 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

=> s 'gly-rop-arg'/sqsfp

ROP IS NOT A VALID 3 LETTER AMINO ACID SYMBOL

=> s 'gly-pro-arg'/sqsfp

L1 1971656 'GLY-PRO-ARG'/SQSFP

<-----User Break----->

SEARCH ENDED BY USER

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

=> s 'gly-pro-arg'/sqefp

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      150 'GLY''PRO''ARG'/SQEFP
1449 SQL=3
L2      150 'GLY-PRO-ARG'/SQEFP
      ('GLY''PRO''ARG'/SQEFP AND SQL=3)
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=> fil .search

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

7.90

8.11

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:20:25 ON 03 JUL 2003

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:20:25 ON 03 JUL 2003

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 13:20:25 ON 03 JUL 2003

CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 13:20:25 ON 03 JUL 2003

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=> s 12

L3 94 L2

=> s 13 and (chelat? or ligand?)

L4 37 L3 AND (CHELAT? OR LIGAND?)

=> dup rem 14

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4

L5 37 DUP REM L4 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d ibib ab hitstr 1-

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 37 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/(N):y

LS ANSWER 1 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:435053 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:12392
TITLE: Stabilization of radiopharmaceutical compositions
using hydrophilic 6-hydroxychromans
Cyr, John E.
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 17 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl.
No. PCT/US01/50423.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003103899	A1	20030605	US 2002-131346	20020424
WO 2002060491	A2	20020808	WO 2001-US50423	20011024

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
US 2000-695360 A2 20001024
WO 2001-US50423 A2 20011024
US 2000-694992 A1 20001024
US 2000-695494 A1 20001024

AB A compn. comprising a peptide or non-peptide radiopharmaceutical precursor and a stabilizing amt. of a hydrophilic 6-hydroxychroman deriv., e.g., 6-hydroxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethylchroman-2-carboxylic acid (Trolox), is described. A kit comprising a sealed vial contg. a predetd. quantity of a radiopharmaceutical precursor and a stabilizing amt. of a hydrophilic 6-hydroxychroman deriv. is also described. For example, Trolox increased the radiolabeling yield and the stability of 99mTc depreotide prepd. from the kit.

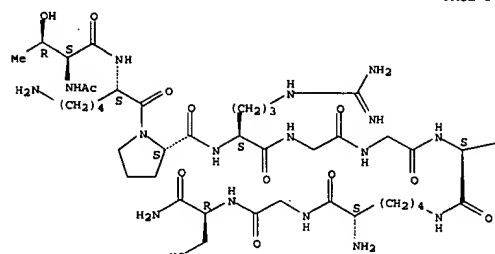
IT 445311-35-3
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (stabilization of radiopharmaceutical precursors by hydrophilic hydroxychromans)

RN 445311-35-3 CAPLUS
CN L-Cysteineamide, N6-[N2,N6-bis(N-acetyl-L-threonyl-L-lysyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycylglycyl)-L-lysyl]-L-lysylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

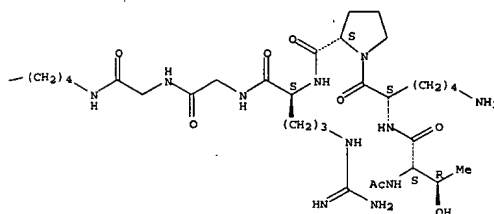
Absolute stereochemistry.

LS ANSWER 1 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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LS ANSWER 2 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:435053 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:12392
TITLE: Stabilization of radiopharmaceutical compositions
using hydrophilic thioethers and hydrophilic 6-hydroxychromans
Cyr, John E.; Pearson, Daniel A.
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 17 pp., Cont.-in-part of Appl.
No. PCT/US01/50423.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003103895	A1	20030605	US 2002-131546	20020424
WO 2002060491	A2	20020808	WO 2001-US50423	20011024

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
US 2000-695494 A2 20001024
WO 2001-US50423 A2 20011024
US 2000-694992 A1 20001024
US 2000-695360 A1 20001024

AB A compn. contg. a peptide or non-peptide radiopharmaceutical precursor and a stabilizing amt. of a mixt. of a hydrophilic thioether and a hydrophilic 6-hydroxychroman deriv. is described. The thioether is selected from, e.g., methionine, ethionine, 3-(methylthio)propionaldehyde, 2-(ethylthio)ethylamine, buthionine, S-methyl-cysteine, and methioninol. The hydrophilic 6-hydroxychroman used is, e.g., 6-hydroxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethylchroman-2-carboxylic acid or 6-hydroxy-2,5,7,8-tetramethylchroman-2-glucosamine. A kit comprising a sealed vial contg. a predetd. quantity of a radiopharmaceutical precursor and a stabilizing amt. of a mixt. of a hydrophilic thioether and a hydrophilic 6-hydroxychroman deriv. is also described. For example, the combination of L-methionine and Trolox increased the radiolabeling yield and the stability of 99mTc depreotide prepd. from the kit.

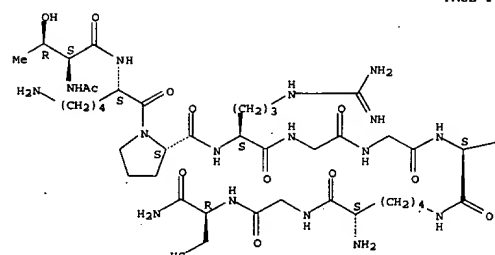
IT 445311-35-3
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (stabilization of radiopharmaceutical precursors by hydrophilic thioethers and hydrophilic 6-hydroxychromans)

RN 445311-35-3 CAPLUS
CN L-Cysteineamide, N6-[N2,N6-bis(N-acetyl-L-threonyl-L-lysyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycylglycyl)-L-lysyl]-L-lysylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

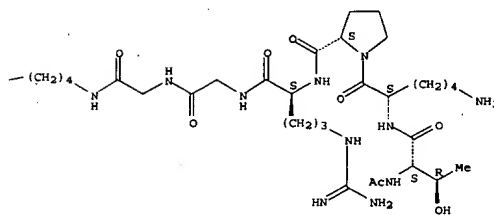
Absolute stereochemistry.

LS ANSWER 2 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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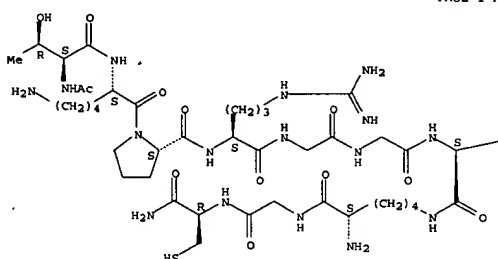


L5 ANSWER 3 OF 37 USPTFULL
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:105799 USPTFULL
 TITLE: Stabilization of radiopharmaceutical compositions
 using hydrophilic thioethers
 INVENTOR(S): Cyr, John E., Bedford, NH, UNITED STATES
 Pearson, Daniel A., Bedford, NH, UNITED STATES

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 2003072700	A1	20030417
US 2002-131543	A1	20020424 (10)

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2003072700
 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2002-131543
 RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-694992, filed on 24 Oct 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2001-US0423, filed on 24 Oct 2001, PENDING
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
 FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: FISH & RICHARDSON P.C., 45 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, SUITE 2800, NEW YORK, NY, 10111
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 1
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
 LINE COUNT: 1361
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
 AB Radiopharmaceutical compositions which are stabilized by addition of a hydrophilic thioether.
 IT 445311-35-3
 (stabilization of radiopharmaceutical compns. using hydrophilic thioethers)
 RN 445311-35-3 USPTFULL
 CN L-Cysteineamide, N6-(N2,N6-bis(N-acetyl-L-threonyl-L-lysyl-L-prolyl-L-arginylglycylglycyl)-L-lysyl)-L-lysylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Absolute stereochemistry.

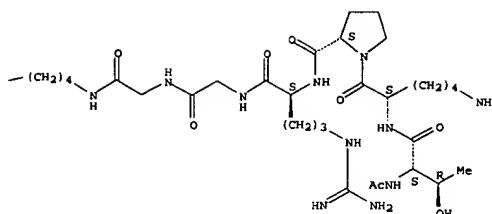
PAGE 1-A



L5 ANSWER 4 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:159727 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:331165
 TITLE: Quantitative Analysis of Permeation Peptide Complexes Labeled with Technetium-99m: Chiral and Sequence-Specific Effects on Net Cell Uptake
 AUTHOR(S): Gammon, Seth T.; Villalobos, Victor M.; Prior, Julie L.; Sharma, Vijay; Piwnicka-Worms, David
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Molecular Biology and Pharmacology, Washington University Medical School, Molecular Imaging Center Mallinckrodt Institute of Radiology, Saint Louis, MO, 63110, USA
 SOURCE: Bioconjugate Chemistry (2003), 14(2), 368-376
 CODEN: BCCHE; ISSN: 1043-1802
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB This study investigated sequence-specific cell uptake characteristics of Tat basic domain and related permeation peptides with an emphasis on residue chirality, length, and modified side chains. Effects on cell permeation of defined basic domain sequences within a library of 42 different peptides were evaluated using transport of radiolabeled peptides into human Jurkat leukemia cells. All other factors being equal, when the chirality of the peptide sequence was changed from L to D, uptake values increased up to 13-fold. Control expts. showed that the quant. difference in uptake could not be attributed to increased decompn. of an L- vs. a D-peptide by cellular or serum proteases. Furthermore, length, sequence, and type of chelation domain impacted peptide uptake into cells. The highest level of uptake was found with the following peptides: (23) D-Tat-Orn [Ac-rkkrr-orn-rrr-AHA-kgc-amide] and (33) D-poly-Arg9 [Ac-rrrrrrrrr-AHA-kgc-amide]. The best of these peptide sequences could be employed as in vivo imaging and drug delivery agents to translocate substrates into cells.
 IT 518052-21-6D, reaction with biotin, technetium complexes
 518052-22-7D, reaction with biotin, technetium complexes
 518052-23-8D, reaction with biotin, technetium complexes
 518052-24-9D, reaction with biotin, technetium complexes
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (chiral and sequence-specific effects in net cell uptake of peptide complexes labeled with Technetium-99m)
 RN 518052-21-6 CAPLUS
 CN D-Cysteineamide, N6-(D-arginyl-D-arginyl-D-alanyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-6-aminohexanoyl)-D-lysylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Absolute stereochemistry.

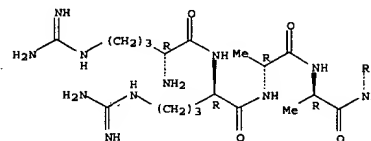
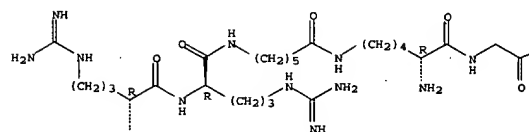
L5 ANSWER 3 OF 37 USPTFULL (Continued)

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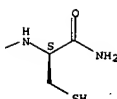


L5 ANSWER 4 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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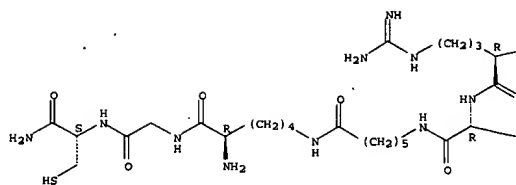
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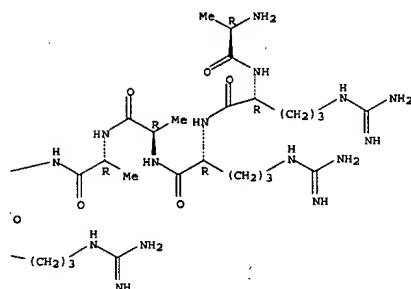
RN 518052-22-7 CAPLUS
 CN D-Cysteineamide, N6-(D-alanyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-D-alanyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-6-aminohexanoyl)-D-lysylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
 Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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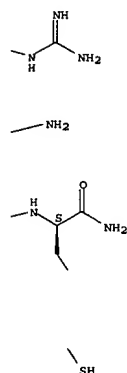
PAGE 1-B



RN 518052-23-8 CAPLUS
 CN D-Cysteinamide, N6-(D-alanyl-D-alanyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-6-aminohexanoyl)-D-lysylglycyl- (9CI) (CA

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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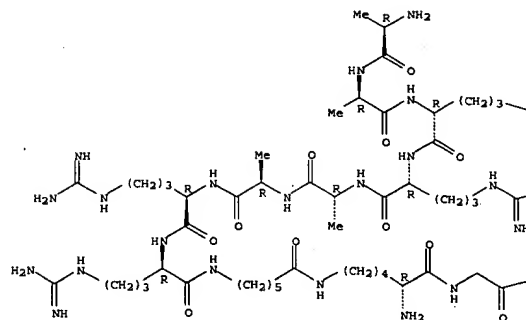
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Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

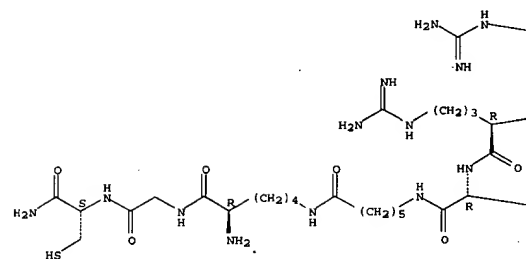
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

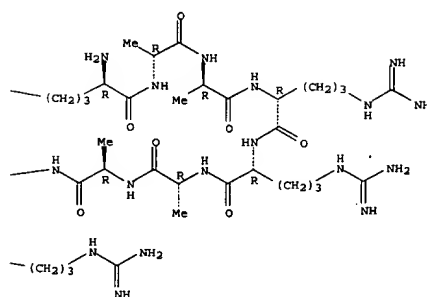


L5 ANSWER 4 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT: 45 THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

[illegible]

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 37 USPATFULL (Continued)
lysyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	DE 1995-19525924	19950704
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	MILLEN, WHITE, ZELANO & BRANIGAN, P.C., 2200 CLARENDON BLVD., SUITE 1400, ARLINGTON, VA, 22201	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	15	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	1 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	2106	

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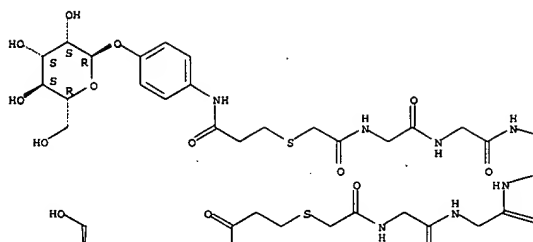
IT      STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
RT  186148-77-6DP, gadolinium complexes
       (prep'n of cascade polymer complexes as medical contrast media)
CN  186148-77-6 USPATFULL
       L-Lysinamide, 3,3',3'',3'''-(1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane-
       tetraazacycloxy(1-oxo-2,1-ethanediyl)nitrilodi-2,1-
       ethandiyl)octa-1,4,7,10-tetrazacyclotetradecylviipropylalvevii-
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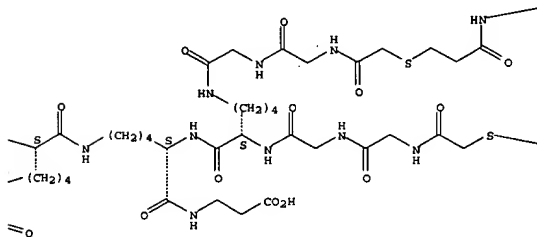
Absolute stereochemistry

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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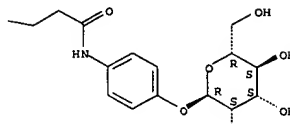
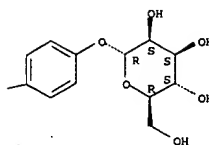
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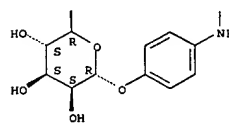
L5 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)
REFERENCE COUNT: 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
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FORMAT RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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PAGE 2-C

RN 187284-90-8 CAPLUS
CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-
(.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyloxy)phenyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycyl-
lycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

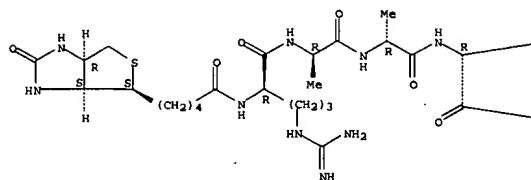
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:816499 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:376735
TITLE: Membrane-permeant peptide complexes for medical
imaging, diagnostics, and pharmaceutical therapy
INVENTOR(S): Pownica-Worms, David
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Washington University, USA
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001082975	A2	20011108	WO 2001-US13179	20010424
WO 2001082975	A3	20020829		
M: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RM: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
EP 1294409	A2	20030326	EP 2001-928805	20010424
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-557465 A 20000425 WO 2001-US13179 W 20010424				
AB Methods and compns. for medical imaging, evaluating intracellular processes and components, radiotherapy of intracellular targets, and drug delivery by the use of novel cell membrane-permeant peptide conjugate coordination and covalent complexes having target cell specificity are provided. Kits for conjugating radionuclides and other metals to peptide coordination complexes are also provided.				
IT 371918-29-5				
RL: PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);				
USES (Uses) (membrane-permeant peptide complexes for medical imaging, diagnostics, and pharmaceutical therapy)				
RN 371918-29-5 CAPLUS				
CN D-Cysteineamide, N6-[N2-[5-[[[3aS,4S,6aR]-hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-4-yl]-1-oxopentyl]-D-arginyl]-D-alanyl-D-alanyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-D-alanyl-D-alanyl-D-arginyl-D-arginyl-6-aminohexanoyl]-D-lysylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)				

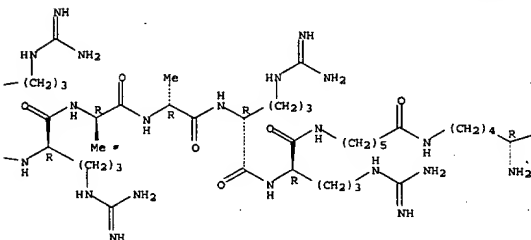
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

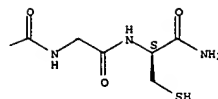


PAGE 1-B



L5 ANSWER 9 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-C



L5 ANSWER 10 OF 37 USPATFULL
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:191246 USPATFULL
TITLE: Method for synthesis of proteins
INVENTOR(S): Tam, James P., Nashville, TN, United States
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Vanderbilt University, Nashville, TN, United States
(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER	KIND	DATE
US 6310180	B1	20011030
US 1995-492411		19950619 (8)

PATENT INFORMATION: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-490932, filed on 16 Jun 1995, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-263936, filed on 21 Jun 1994, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-81412, filed on 21 Jun 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5589356

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Venkat, Jyothsna
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Garcia, Maurie E.
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Klauber & Jackson
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 13
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 37 Drawing Figure(s); 37 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT: 3427

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A method for peptide synthesis is disclosed that requires neither protecting groups nor activation of the C- α carboxyl groups. The method comprises ligating a first molecule to a second molecule by promoting the orthogonal coupling of the molecules to each other. In an aspect of this method, an acyl-type reaction occurs between the molecules. The method contemplates the joining of molecules of variant size to each other, as well as the coupling of multiple identical molecules. The invention also covers the ligation of unprotected peptide, proteins or nonpeptide segments to prepare therapeutic products

and synthetic vaccines with linear, circularized, or branched backbone structures, as well as the site-specific modification of peptides or proteins by lipidation and pegylation.

IT 162261-12-3P 163479-45-6P 163479-46-7P
(method for synthesis of proteins)

RN 162261-12-3 USPATFULL

CN L-Alaninamide,

2-carboxy-4-thiazolidinecarbonyl-L-asparaginyl-L-threonyl-L-

asparaginyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-isoleucyl-L-histidyl-L-isoleucyl-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-L-arginyl-L-

(1.fwdarw.1'''''), (1'.fwdarw.1'''''), (1'''.fwdarw.1'''''), (1'''''.fwdarw.1''''')-tetraamide with N2,N6-di-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-beta.-alanine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 163479-45-6 USPATFULL

CN L-Alaninamide,

2-carboxy-4-thiazolidinecarbonyl-L-asparaginyl-L-threonyl-L-

asparaginyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-isoleucyl-L-histidyl-L-isoleucyl-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-L-arginyl-L-1,1',1'',1''',1''''',1''''',1''''',1'''''-octaamide with

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 37 USPATFULL (Continued)
N2,N6-bis(N2,N6-di-L-lysyl-L-lysyl)-L-lysyl-L-beta.-alanine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

RN 163479-46-7 USPATFULL

CN L-Arginine, N-[4-[(carboxymethylene)hydrazinol]benzoyl]-L-seryl-L-seryl-L-glutamyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-glutamyl-L-isoleucyl-L-histidylglycyl-L-prolyl-L-1,1',1'',1''',1''''',1''''',1''''',1'''''-octaamide with N2,N6-bis(N2,N6-di-L-lysyl-L-lysyl)-L-lysyl-L-beta.-alanine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 37 USPATFULL (Continued)
lynyl)-, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

L5 ANSWER 13 OF 37 USPATFULL
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:10522 USPATFULL
TITLE: Cascade polymer complexes, process for their
production
INVENTOR(S): and pharmaceutical agents containing said complexes
Schmitt-Willich, Heribert, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of
Platzek, Johannes, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of
Raduchel, Bernd, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of
Muhler, Andreas, Neuenhagen, Germany, Federal Republic of
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Frenzel, Thomas, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of
Schering Aktiengesellschaft, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6177060	B1	20010123
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1998-44254		19980319 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 1996-674844, filed on 3 Jul 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5820849		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	DE 1995-19525924	19950704
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Hertley, Michael G.	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Millen, White, Zelano & Branigan, P.C.	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	8	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	1880	

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Cascade polymer complexes with at least 16 ions of an element of atomic numbers 20 to 29, 39, 42, 44 or 57-83, useful NMR or x-ray lymphography imaging.
IT 186148-77-6P (prepn. of cascade polymer complexes as medical contrast media)
RN 186148-77-6 USPATFULL
CN L-lysineamide, 3,3',3'',3''',3'''',3''''' ,3'''''' ,3'''''''-(1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane-1,4,7,10-tetrayltetrakis[(2-oxo-2,1-ethanediyloxy(1-oxo-2,1-ethanediylnitrilodi-2,1-ethanediyloctakis[N₂,N₆-bis[N₂,N₆-bis[N-(1-oxo-2-[4,7,10-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododec-1-yl]propylglycyl]-L-lyeyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

IT 186148-77-6DP, gadolinium complexes
IT (prepn. of cascade polymer complexes as medical contrast media)
RN 186148-77-6 USPATFULL
CN L-lysineamide, 3,3',3'',3''',3'''',3''''' ,3'''''' ,3'''''''-(1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane-1,4,7,10-tetrayltetrakis[(2-oxo-2,1-ethanediyloxy(1-oxo-2,1-ethanediylnitrilodi-2,1-ethanediyloctakis[N₂,N₆-bis[N₂,N₆-bis[N-(1-oxo-2-[4,7,10-tris(carboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododec-1-yl]propylglycyl]-L-lyeyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

U5 ANSWER 14 OF 37 USPATFULL
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:174826 USPATFULL
 TITLE: Cascade polymer complexes, process for their
 production
 and pharmaceutical agents containing said complexes
 INVENTOR(S): Schmitt-Willich, Heribert, Berlin, Germany, Federal
 Republic of
 of Platzeck, Johannes, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic
 Raduchel, Bernd, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of
 Muhler, Andreas, Neuenhagen, Germany, Federal Republic
 of Frenzel, Thomas, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Aktiengesellschaft, Germany, Federal Republic
 of (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6166200		20001226
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1999-345807		19990702 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 1998-46254,		filed on 19 Mar
	1998 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1996-674844,		
	filed on 3 Jul 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5820849		

	NUMBER	DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	DE 1995-19525924	19950704
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted	
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Dees, Jose G.	
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	Hartley, Michael G.	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Millen, White, Zelano, & Branigan, P.C.	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	10	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)	
LINE COUNT:	1904	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.		
AB Cascade polymer complexes that contain		

a) complexing ligands of general formula I

$$A \rightarrow \{ X \rightarrow \{ Y \rightarrow \{ Z \rightarrow W \rightarrow K.\text{sub.W}.\text{sub.z}.\text{sub.y} \}.\text{sub.x} \}.\text{sub.a} \quad (I),$$

in which

A stands for a nitrogen-containing cascade nucleus of base multiplicity

X and Y, independently of one another, stand for a direct bond or a cascade reproduction unit of reproduction multiplicity x or y,

2 and W, independently of one another, stand for a cascade reproduction unit of reproduction multiplicity z or w .

K stands for the radical of a complexing agent.

*a stands for numbers 2 to 12.

L5 ANSWER 15 OF 37 USPATFULL
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:157221 USPATFULL
TITLE: Nucleic acid computer systems and methods of use
INVENTOR(S): Woo, Savio L. C., Houston, TX, United States
Smith, Louis C., Houston, TX, United States
Cristiano, Richard J., Pearland, TX, United States
Gotchalk, Stephen, Houston, TX, United States
Sparrow, Jim, Houston, TX, United States
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX, United States
U.S. CSPPB

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6150168		20001121
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1995-460971		19950605 (8)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Division of Ser. No. US 1993-167641, filed on 14 Dec 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 6033884 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-855389, filed on 20 Mar 1992, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1993-US2725, filed on 19 Mar 1993		
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted		
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Brusca, John S.		
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	Shibuya, Mark L.		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Lyon & Lyon LLP		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	52		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	38		
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	51 Drawing Figure(s); 40 Drawing Page(s)		
LINE COUNT:	4249		
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.			
AB	Nucleic acid transporter systems for delivery of nucleic acid to a		

The nucleic acid transporter includes a binding complex. The binding complex contains a binding molecule which non-covalently binds to the nucleic acid and covalently links to a surface ligand, nuclear ligand and/or a lysis agent. These may be linked to the binding molecule by spacers.

IT 154531-22-3P molecule

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1531-22-3P
  (prepn. of, for use in DNA transporter system for genetic
  transformation and gene therapy)

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RN 154531-22-3 USPATFULL

CN L-Lysine, N-[1-oxo-3-[(2-[[L-tyrosyl-N6-[26-[[4-O-.beta.-D-
 galactopyranosyl-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)oxyl]-14-[[[6-[[2-[[4-O-.beta.-D-
 galactopyranosyl-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)oxyl]-1,1-bis[[4-O-.beta.-D-
 galactopyranosyl-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)oxyl)methyl]ethyl]amino]-6-
 oxohexyl]amino]carbonyl]-25,25-bis[[4-(4-O-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl-
 .beta.-D-glucopyranosyl)oxyl)methyl]-1,4,12,16,23-pentaoso-8,9-dithia-
 5,13,17,24-tetraazahexaco-1-yl]-L-lyseyl-L-lyseyl-L-alanyl-L-lyseyl-L-
 alanyl-L-lyseyl-L-alanyl-L-lyseyl]amino]ethyl[dithiolpropyl]-L-tyroeyl-N6-
 (3-carboxy-1-oxopropyl)-L-lyseyl-L-lyseyl-L-alanyl-L-lyseyl-L-alanyl-L-
 lyseyl-L-alanyl-, (11,6wdaar-1')-amide with glycyl-L-tyroeyl-L-seeryl-L-
 tyroeyl-L-prolyl-L-prolyl-L-lyseyl-L-lyseyl-L-lyseyl-L-arganyl-L-lyseyl-L-
 lyseyl-L-alpha.-glutamyl-L-alpha.-aspartyl-L-prolinamide (9C1) (CA
 UNPFX NAME)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

x, y, z and w, independently of one another, stand for numbers 1 to 4, provides that at least two reproduction units are different and that the product of the multiplicities,

$16 \cdot l_{\text{toreq.a}} \cdot x \cdot m_{\text{toreq.x}} \cdot y \cdot m_{\text{toreq.y}} \cdot z \cdot m_{\text{toreq.z}} \cdot w \cdot l_{\text{toreq.64}}$

holds true,

b) at least 16 ions of an element of atomic numbers 20 to 29, 39, 42, or 57-83,

c) optionally cations of inorganic and/or organic bases, amino acids or amino acid peptides as well as

d) optionally acylated terminal amino groups are valuable compounds for diagnosis and therapy.

IT 186148-77-6P
(prepn. of cascade polymer complexes as medical contrast media)

```

      (preh. or cascade polymer complexes as medical contrast media)
RN   186148-77-6 USPATFULL
CN   L-Lysinamide, 3,3',3'',3''',3'''',3''''',3'''''-[1,4,7,10-
      tetraazacyclododecane-1,4,7,10-tetrayltetrakis[[[2-oxo-2,1-
      ethanediyl]oxy(1-oxo-2,1-ethanediylyl)nitrilido]-2,1-
      ethanediyl]octakis[N2,N6-bis[[N2,N6-bis[N-[1-oxo-2,4,7,10-tri-
      azacarboxymethyl]-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododec-1-yl]propyl]glycyl]-L-
      lysyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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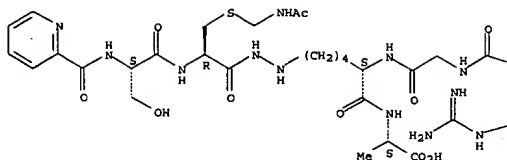
STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

IT 186148-77-6DP, gadolinium complexes
(prepn. of cascade polymer complexes as medical contrast media)

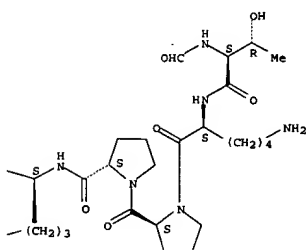
RN	186148-77-6 USPATFULL
CN	L-lysineamide, 3,3',3'',3''',3'''',3'''''[1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododecane-1,4,7,10-tetrayltetrakis[(2-oxo-2-ethanediyl)oxy(1-oxo-2-ethanediyil)nitrilo]-2,1-ethanediyl]octakis[N(2,N6-bis[N(2,N6-bis[N-(1-oxo-2-4,7,10-triazacarboxymethyl)-1,4,7,10-tetraazacyclododec-1-yl]propylglycyl)-L-lyseyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

x, y, z and w, independently of one another, stand for numbers 1 to 4,

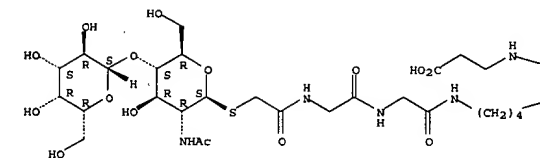
STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
RN 180514-62-9 USPATFULL

L5 ANSWER 20 OF 37 USPTFULL (Continued)
CN Glycinamide, L-cysteinylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-threonylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-prolylglycyl-L-leucyl-L-asparaginylglycyl-L-glutamyl-L-lysylglycyl-L-glutamyl-L-lysylglycyl-L- α -glutamyl-L-lysylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolyl-(1',fwdarw.1'''), (1',fwdarw.3'''), (1',fwdarw.4''')-tris(thioether) with N2-[6-[[N-(mercaptoacetyl)- β -alanyl- β -alanyl-N6-[N-(mercaptoacetyl)- β -alanyl- β -alanyl]-L-lysyl-N6-[N-(mercaptoacetyl)- β -alanyl- β -alanyl]-L-lysyl]amino]-1-oxohexyl]-oxopentyl]amino]-1-oxohexyl]-L-lysyl-L-tyrosinamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE
RN 180584-60-5 USPTFULL
CN Glycinamide, L-cysteinylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-threonylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-prolylglycyl-L-leucyl-L-asparaginylglycyl-L-glutamyl-L-lysylglycyl-L-glutamyl-L-lysylglycyl-L- α -glutamyl-L-lysylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolyl-(1',fwdarw.1'''), (1',fwdarw.3'''), (1',fwdarw.4''')-tris(thioether) with N-(mercaptoacetyl)- β -alanyl- β -alanyl-N6-[N-(mercaptoacetyl)- β -alanyl- β -alanyl]-L-lysyl-N6-[N-(mercaptoacetyl)- β -alanyl- β -alanyl]-L-lysyl-L-tyrosinamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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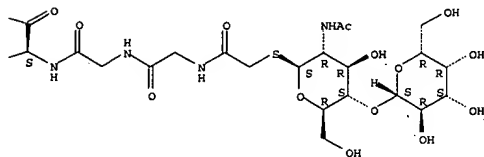
L5 ANSWER 21 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998-1378602 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129-136399
TITLE: Chemoenzymic synthesis of dendritic sialyl Lewis^x
AUTHOR(S): Palcic, Monica M.; Li, Hong; Zanini, Diana; Bhella, Resham S.; Roy, Rene
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, T6G 2G2, Can.
SOURCE: Carbohydrate Research (1998), Volume Date 1997, 305(3-4), 433-442
CODEN: CRBRAT; ISSN: 0008-6215
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB Traditional structure activity relationship studies (SAR) have led to the development of numerous sialyl Lewis^x analogs in the search for potential antiinflammatory agents. However, these methods do not take into account cluster or multivalent effects. Reported herein is the chemoenzymic synthesis of di-, tetra-, and octa-valent sLex ligands scaffolded on dendrimers. Hypervalent L-lysine cores with covalently attached 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-D-glucose (N-acetylglucosamine, GlcNAc) residues were chem. prepd. and enzymically transformed into sLex-contg. dendrimers so that multivalency, and its role in selectin-sLex interactions may be evaluated. This work constitutes another successful enzymic synthesis of sLex and represents the first example of GlcNAc elongation on a synthetic dendrimer scaffold. These sLex dendrimers are currently being investigated as selectin antagonists.
IT 210472-90-59
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
RN 210472-90-5 CAPLUS
CN β -Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[O-(N-acetyl- α -neuraminosyl)-(2,fwdarw.3)-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl-(1,fwdarw.4)-O-[6-deoxy- α -L-galactopyranosyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
IT 187988-44-9P 187988-45-0P 188039-95-4P 188132-41-4P 210471-92-4P
RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(chemoenzymic synthesis of dendritic sialyl Lewis^x)
RN 187988-44-9 CAPLUS
CN β -Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N-[[[2-(acetyl-amino)-2-deoxy-4-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl]- β -D-glucopyranosyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 21 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



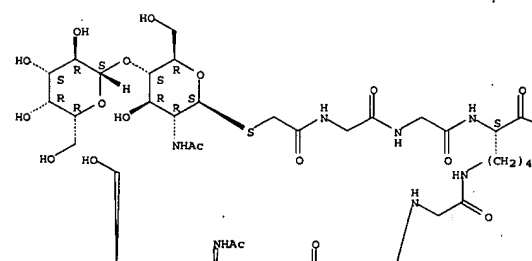
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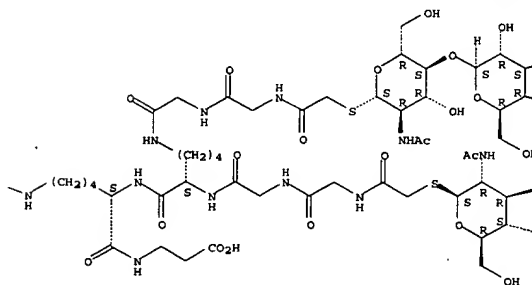
RN 187988-45-0 CAPLUS
CN β -Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[2-(acetyl-amino)-2-deoxy-4-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl]- β -D-glucopyranosyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 21 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

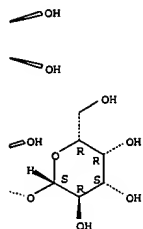


PAGE 1-B

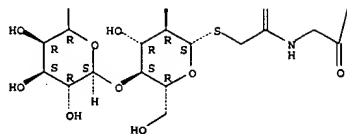


L5 ANSWER 21 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-C



PAGE 2-A



RN 188039-95-4 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine,

N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-

4-O-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 188132-41-4 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine,

N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-

.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 210471-92-4 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine,

N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[O-(N-acetyl-.alpha.-neuraminosyl)-

L5 ANSWER 22 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:165206 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:154428

TITLE: Process for the identification of proteolytic activities and/or inhibitors thereof

INVENTOR(S): Fassina, Giorgio; Corti, Angelo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tecnogen S.C.P.A., Italy

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 20 pp.

CODEN: EPXMDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 751225	A1	19970102	EP 1996-114931	19911014
EP 751225	B1	20010328		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE			
EP 481930	A2	19920422	EP 1991-830428	19911014
EP 481930	A3	19930630		
EP 481930	B1	19970618		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE			
AT 154609	E	19970715	AT 1991-830428	19911014
AT 200107	E	20010415	AT 1996-114931	19911014
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IT 1990-48365	A 19901015
			IT 1991-RM261	A 19910415
			EP 1991-830428	A3 19911014
			IT 1991-RO261	19910415

AB This invention relates to a process for the identification of proteolytic activities or of activities that inhibit proteolytic activities, particularly of endothelin and/or of TNF, esp. in biol. fluids, fermm. broths, conditioned culture soils, cell exts., and plant exts. As an example, the process can use a fragment of proendothelin as substrate as well as a ligand comprising amino acid sequences that are hydropathically complementary to the fragment of proendothelin.

143226-64-6

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(detn. of proendothelin- and TNF-specific proteolytic activities and their inhibitors)

RN 143226-64-6 CAPLUS

CN Glycine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis(glycylglycylglycyl)-L-lysyl-L-arginyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 21 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

(2.fwdarw.3)-O-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl-(1.fwdarw.4)-2-(acetylamino)-2-deoxy-.beta.-D-glucopyranosyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

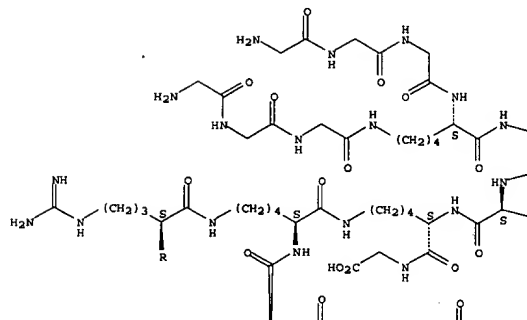
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

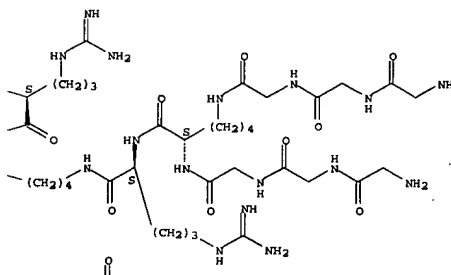
FORMAT

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

PAGE 1-A

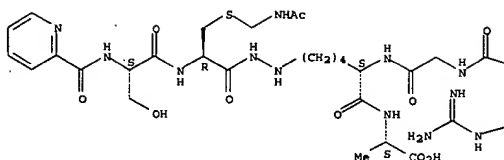


PAGE 1-B

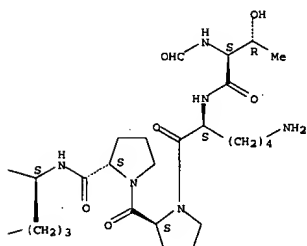


L5 ANSWER 24 OF 37 USPATTFULL (Continued)

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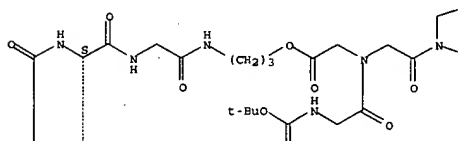


PAGE 1-B

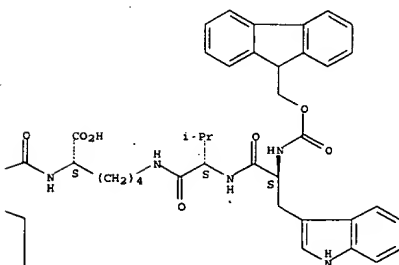


L5 ANSWER 25 OF 37 USPATTFULL (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L5 ANSWER 25 OF 37 USPATTFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97:47502 USPATTFULL
 TITLE: Selectively cleavable linkers based on iminodiacetic acid esters for solid phase peptide synthesis
 INVENTOR(S): Lebl, Michal, Oro Valley, AZ, United States
 Krchnak, Viktor, Oro Valley, AZ, United States
 Kocis, Petr, Oro Valley, AZ, United States
 Lam, Kit S., Tucson, AZ, United States
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Selectide Corporation, Tucson, AZ, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5635598 19970603
 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1994-263289 19940621 (8)
 RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-81997, filed on 23 Jun 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-80388, filed on 21 Jun 1993, now abandoned
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
 FILE SEGMENT: Granted
 PRIMARY EXAMINER: Lukton, David
 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Pennie & Edmonds
 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 47
 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
 NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 14 Drawing Figure(s); 8 Drawing Page(s)
 LINE COUNT: 2349

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention is directed to linkers based on ester bond linkages, especially iminodiacetic acid ester bond linkages, for use in solid phase peptide synthesis. In particular, the invention is directed to cleavable linkers that can release peptide from the solid phase support under relatively mild conditions by formation of a diketopiperazine or other cyclic structure, such that the cyclic structure remains on the solid phase support, and, in a second cleavage,

under more stringent conditions of high pH. The invention is further directed to solid phase supports prepared with multiple cleavable linkers, including a linker that is cleaved by formation of a cyclic product. One such second linker is an ester of hydroxymethylbenzoic acid, or esters formed by carboxy groups of aspartic or glutamic acid.

IT 167628-87-7DP, resin-bound
 (selectively cleavable linkers based on iminodiacetic acid esters for solid phase peptide synthesis)

RN 167628-87-7 USPATTFULL

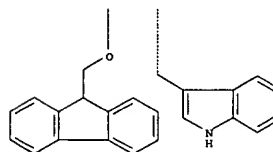
CN L-lysine.

N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]glycyl-N-[2-[3-[N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tryptophylglycyl]aminopropoxy]-2-oxoethyl]glycyl-N-[2-[3-[N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tryptophyl-L-valylglycyl]aminopropoxy]-2-oxoethyl]glycyl-N6-[N-[(9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-tryptophyl-L-valyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

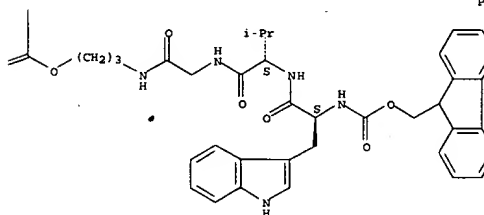
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 25 OF 37 USPATTFULL (Continued)

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PAGE 1-A

Chemical structure of a complex peptide derivative, labeled PAGE 1-A. The structure features a central peptide backbone with various side chains, including a thiazolidine ring, a thiazolidine ring, a thiazolidine ring, and a thiazolidine ring. The structure is highly branched and includes several amide bonds, thioether linkages, and a thiazolidine ring. The structure is labeled with 'H2N' at the N-terminus and 'NH2' at the C-terminus. The structure is also labeled with 'S' and 'NH' at various positions, indicating the presence of sulfur and nitrogen atoms. The structure is highly complex and includes several chiral centers, indicated by wedge and dash bonds. The structure is also labeled with '(CH2)4' and '(CH2)2' at various positions, indicating the presence of aliphatic chains.

[illegible] ---NH_2 NC(=O)CC[C@H](NC(=O)N1CCCC1C(=O)NC(=O)N2CCCC2C(=O)N3CCCC3C(=O)N)S(=O)(=O)N

PAGE 2 -

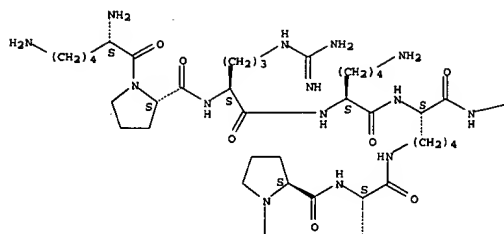
Chemical structure 1: A complex peptide derivative. The structure features a central peptide backbone with various side chains. On the left, there is a side chain containing a thiol group (HS-CH₂-CH₂-) and a carboxylic acid group (-CO₂H). The main chain includes an amide bond followed by a side chain with a thiol group (HS-CH₂-CH₂-) and a carboxylic acid group (-CO₂H). Further along, there is a side chain with a thiol group (HS-CH₂-CH₂-) and a carboxylic acid group (-CO₂H). The structure also includes a side chain with a thiol group (HS-CH₂-CH₂-) and a carboxylic acid group (-CO₂H). On the right, there is a side chain with a thiol group (HS-CH₂-CH₂-) and a carboxylic acid group (-CO₂H). The structure is labeled 1.

CC(=O)N1CCCC1C(=O)SCCNC(=O)CC(=O)N

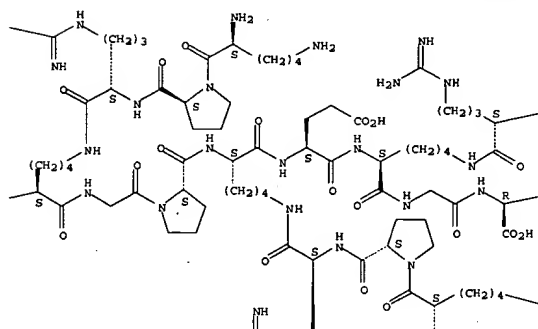
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 26 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

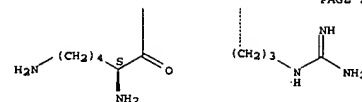
PAGE 1-C

 $\text{H}_2\text{N}-$ 

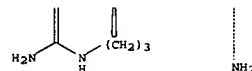
PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



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RN 189076-17-3 CAPLUS

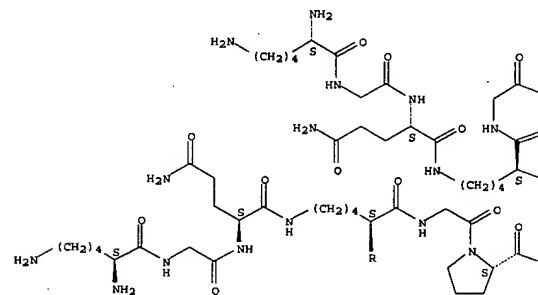
RN 15078-1753 CAP205
 CN L-Cysteine, L-lysylglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-lysyl-N6- (L-lysylglycyl-L-
 glutaminy-L-lysyl-N6- (L-lysylglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-lysylglycyl-L-prolyl-
 N6- (L-lysylglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-lysyl-L- .alpha.-glutaminy-N6- (L-
 lysylglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-lysylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L5 ANSWER 26 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

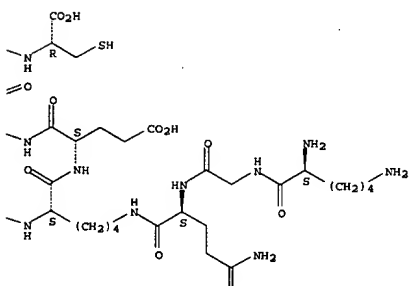
Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 2-A

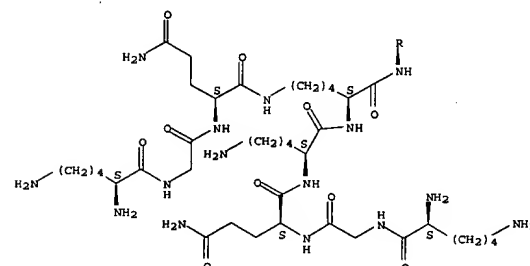
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-B



L5 ANSWER 27 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:145739 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:292317
 TITLE: Glycodendrimers as novel biochromatography adsorbents
 AUTHOR(S): Page, Daniel; Roy, Rene
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Ottawa,
 Ottawa,
 ON, K1N 6N5, Can.

SOURCE: International Journal of Bio-Chromatography (1997),
 3(3), 231-244
 CODEN: IJOBSQ; ISSN: 1068-0659
 PUBLISHER: Harwood Academic Publishers
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

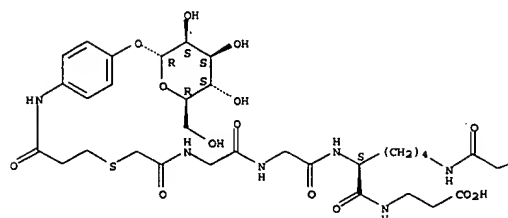
AB Synthetic multivalent glycoconjugates ending with mannopyranoside
 residues
 were evaluated as ligands for the phytohemagglutinins from Con A
 (Con A) and Pisum sativum using enzyme-linked lectin assays (ELLA) and
 turbidimetric analyses. The relative affinity of the neoglycoconjugates,
 together with few ref. monosaccharides, were detd. by solid-phase
 inhibition assays using yeast mannan as coating antigen and
 peroxidase-labeled lectins. The ability of these ligands to
 selectively ppt. a mannose-binding protein (Con A) from a crude mixt. was
 also demonstrated using PAGE (SDS-PAGE). These multivalent
 glycoconjugates (glycodendrimers) were shown to constitute novel
 biochromatog. materials of high affinity for the isolation of
 carbohydrate-binding proteins.

IT 187147-04-2 187147-06-4 187147-06-4B,
 oligomeric 187284-57-7
 RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); BPR (Biological process); BSU
 (Biological study, unclassified); NUU (Other use, unclassified); ANST
 (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
 (glycodendrimers as novel biochromatog. adsorbents)
 RN 187147-04-2 CAPLUS
 CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-(.alpha.-D-
 mannopyranosyloxy)phenyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-
 lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

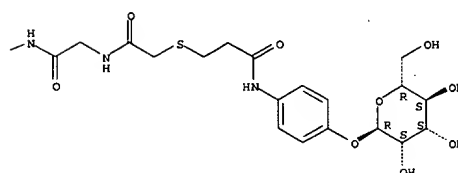
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 27 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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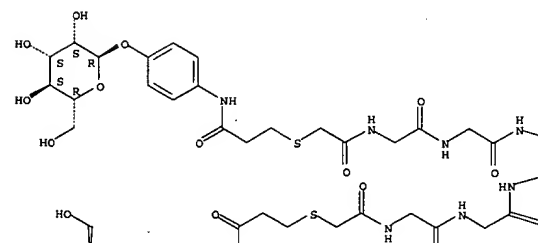


RN 187147-06-4 CAPLUS
 CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-(.alpha.-D-
 mannopyranosyloxy)phenyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-
 lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

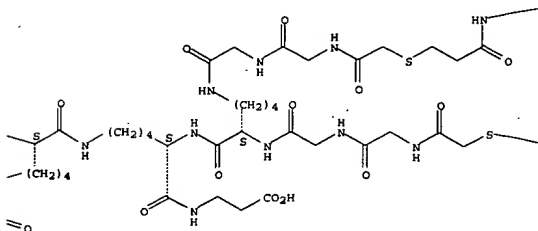
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 27 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

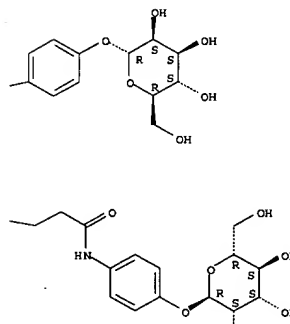


PAGE 1-B

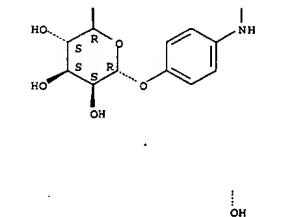


L5 ANSWER 27 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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PAGE 2-A



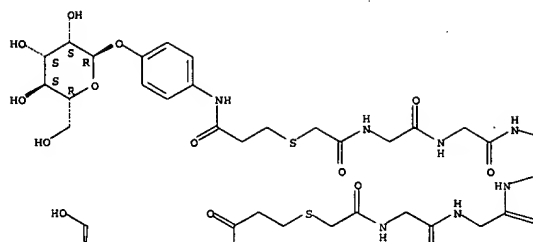
PAGE 2-C

RN 187147-06-4 CAPLUS
 CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-(.alpha.-D-
 mannopyranosyloxy)phenyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-
 lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

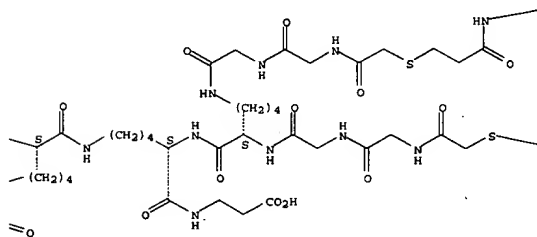
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 27 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

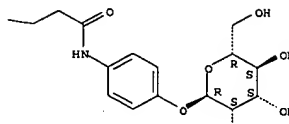
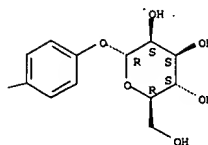


PAGE 1-B

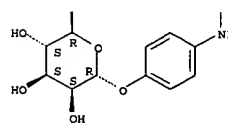
L5 ANSWER 27 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE
FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 27 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-C



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RN 187284-57-7 CAPLUS
CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-[(.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyloxy)phenyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

L5 ANSWER 28 OF 37 USPATFULL
ACCESSION NUMBER: 96.99296 USPATFULL
TITLE: Peptide-Chelator conjugates
INVENTOR(S): Goodbody, Anne, Toronto, Canada
Pollak, Alfred, Toronto, Canada
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Resolution Pharmaceuticals Inc., Mississauga, Canada
(non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 5569745		19961029
APPLICATION INFO:	US 1994-202178		19940225 (8)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	Granted		
PRIMARY EXAMINER:	Woodward, Michael P.		
ASSISTANT EXAMINER:	Prickril, Benet		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Foley & Lardner		
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	8		
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1		
LINE COUNT:	557		

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

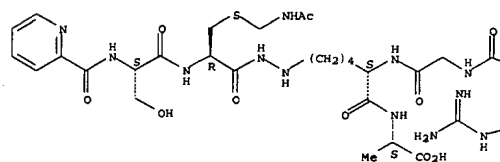
AB Peptide-chelator conjugates are provided that when labelled with a traceable metal are useful for diagnostic imaging of sites of inflammation. The peptide component is an antagonist of the naturally occurring tetrapeptide tuftsin while the chelator component serves as a labelling site for metals, in particular radionuclide metals such as technetium-99m.

IT 169048-14-ODP, chelates
(peptide-chelator conjugates for diagnostic imaging)

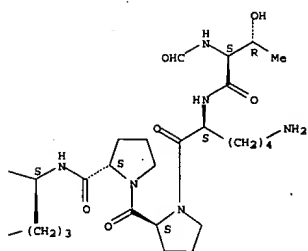
RN 169048-14-0 USPATFULL
CN L-Alanine, N-[6-[2-[5-[[[acetyl(amino)methyl]-N-[N-(2-pyridinylcarbonyl)-L-seryl]-L-cysteinyl]hydrazino]-N-[N2-[1-[1-[N2-(N-formyl-L-threonyl)-L-lysyl]-L-prolyl]-L-arginyl]glycyl]-L-norleucyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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15 ANSWER 29 OF 37 USPATFULL
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 9612706 USPATFULL
 TITLE: Diagnostic and therapeutic compositions and methods
 for
 lipoprotein(a)
 INVENTOR(S): Chikinas, Steven G., Vienna, VA, United States
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Carbaugh, Jr., John E., Rosslyn, VA, United States
 (U.S. individual)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 5490981		19960213
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 1994-234602		19940428 (8)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-86358, filed on 6 Jul 1993, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser.		

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: Granted
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kim, Kay K. A.
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Wenderoth, Lind & Ponack
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 1
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT: 1362

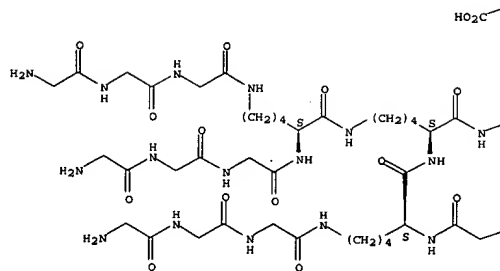
AB Peptides which present an epitope substantially similar to the activation site region epitope of apolipoprotein(a) are provided. Antibodies raised against such peptides bind to apolipoprotein(a). Such antibodies and peptides, as well as peptide constructs for immunization are provided. Also provided are monoclonal antibodies and hybridomas, polyclonal and monoclonal diagnostic systems in kit form, immunochemical, chromatographic methods and materials, and synthetic secondary standards. Therapeutic compositions and methods are also provided.

IT 116925-44-ID, resin-bound
 (carrier core sequence of, apolipoprotein(a) activation-site
 region-derived peptide construct for antibody prodn. in relation to)
 RN 116925-44-1 USPATFULL
 CN .beta.-Alanine,
 N-[N2,N6-bis(N2,N6-bis(N2,N6-bis(N-(N-glycylglycyl)glycyl-
 L-lycyl)-L-lycyl)-L-lycyl)-L-lycyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

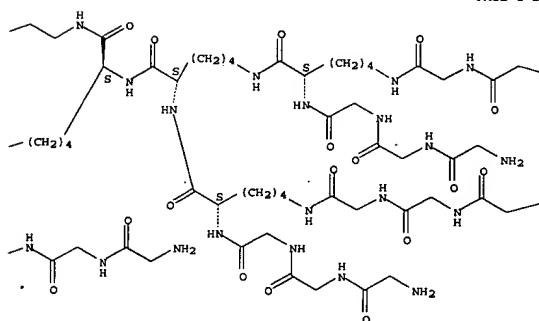
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 29 OF 37 USPATFULL (Continued)

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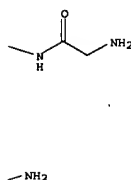


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L5 ANSWER 29 OF 37 USPATFULL (Continued)

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L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:49205 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:171890

TITLE: Macromolecular recognition: effect of multivalency in the inhibition of binding of yeast mannan to concanavalin A and pea lectins by mannosylated dendrimers

AUTHOR(S): Page, Daniel; Zanini, Diana; Roy, Rene
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. of Chemistry, Univ. of Ottawa, Ottawa, ON, K1N 6N5, Can.

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (1996), 4(11), 1949-1961

CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896

PUBLISHER: Elsevier

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The synthesis and binding properties of a new family of high affinity .alpha.-D-mannopyranoside ligands are described. The synthesis of the new multivalent ligands is based on the scaffolding of multiantennary branches of L-lysine residues having electrophilic N-chloroacetylated end groups as core structures. An .alpha.-D-mannopyranoside with p-substituted aryl aglycon ending with a thiol group was prepd. and covalently attached to each of the branches of the dendritic structures. The resulting glycodendrimers with 2, 4, 8, and 16 mannoside residues were tested for their relative inhibitory potency by solid-phase enzyme-linked lectin assays (ELLA) using Me and p-nitrophenyl .alpha.-D-mannopyranosides as stds. Concns. necessary for 50% inhibition (IC50's) of binding of yeast mannan to Jack bean phytohemagglutinin (Canavalia ensiformis, Con A) and to pea lectin (Pisum sativum) were detd.

Analogous mannosylated copolyacrylamides were also prepd. for comparison. The IC50 values were also plotted as a function of dendrimer valences. The inhibitions showed that the 16-mer was approx. 600- and 2000-fold

more potent than Me .alpha.-D-mannopyranoside, and 66- and 1383-fold more potent than p-nitrophenyl .alpha.-D-mannopyranosides with Con A and pea lectins, resp. Even when these nos. are expressed relative to single mannosylated residues per dendrimers, the relative potencies against the arom. mannoside are still 4- and 86-fold better against Con A and pea lectins. These results unequivocally indicate that the optimum

inhibitory binding properties of the new mannosylated dendrimers vary with both dendrimer and lectin valences.

IT 187147-04-2P 187147-06-4P 187284-57-7P

187284-90-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU

(Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological

study); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of mannosylated dendritic glycopeptides and their effect on binding of yeast mannan to Con A and pea lectins)

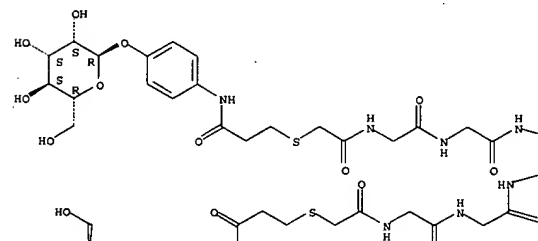
RN 187147-04-2 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-(.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyloxy)phenyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycyl]glycyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

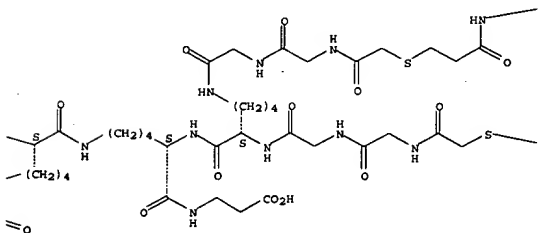
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

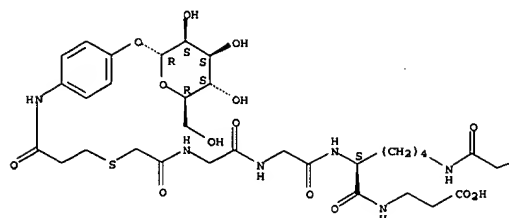


PAGE 1-B

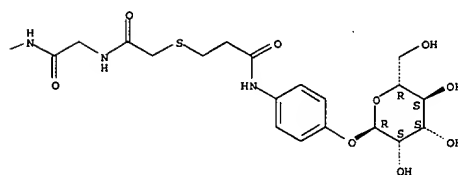


L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



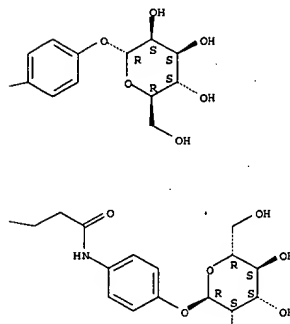
RN 187147-06-4 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-(.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyloxy)phenyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycyl]glycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

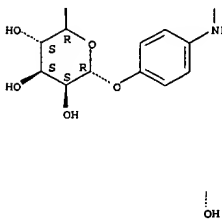
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-C



PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-C

RN 187284-57-7 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-(.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyloxy)phenyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycyl]glycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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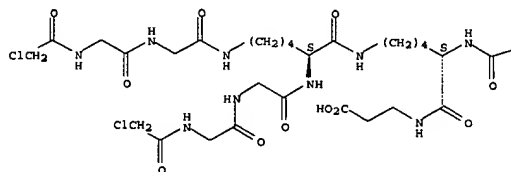
RN 187284-90-8 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-(.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyloxy)phenyl]amino]-3-oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycyl]glycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

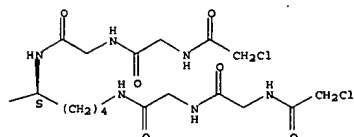
L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)
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 IT 155679-65-5 155679-66-6 107284-53-3
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of mannopyranosyl dendritic glycopeptides and their effect on
 binding of yeast mannan to Con A and pea lectins)
 RN 155679-65-5 CAPLUS
 CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N-(chloroacetyl)glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-
 L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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PAGE 1-B



RN 155679-66-6 CAPLUS
 CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-(chloroacetyl)glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-C

CH2Cl

||
O

RN 187284-53-3 CAPLUS
 CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-(chloroacetyl)glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

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 187284-91-9P

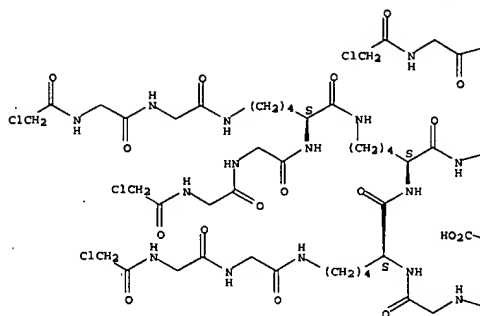
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of mannopyranosyl dendritic glycopeptides and their effect on
 binding of yeast mannan to Con A and pea lectins)

RN 187147-03-1 CAPLUS
 CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-oxo-3-[[[4-[(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-
 .alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl)oxy]phenyl]amino]propyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-
 L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

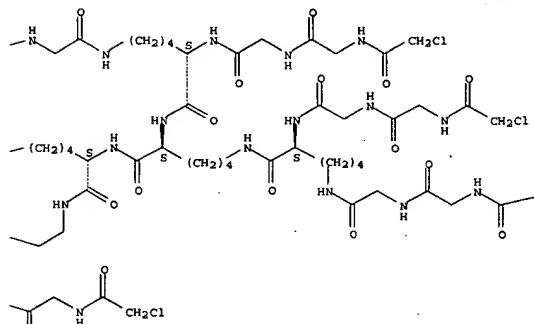
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

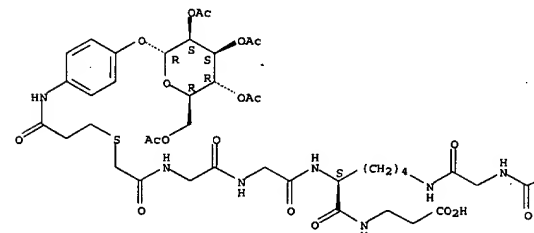


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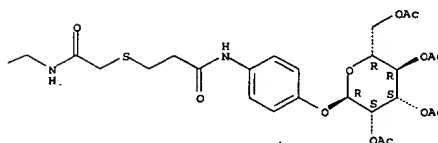


L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



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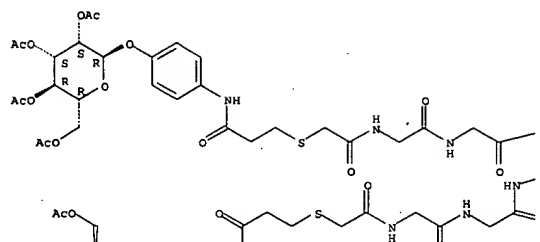


RN 187147-05-3 CAPLUS
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 .alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl)oxy]phenyl]amino]propyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-
 L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

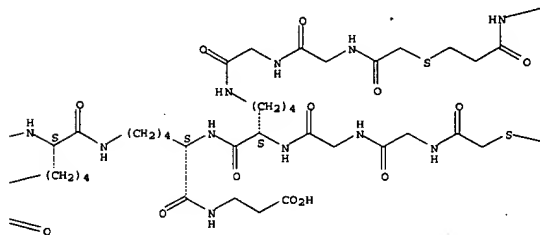
Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

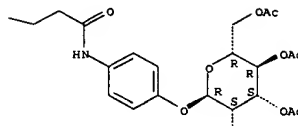
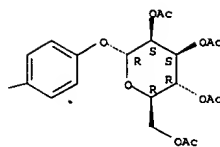
RN 187284-91-9 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine, N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-
 [(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl)oxy]phenyl]amino]-3-
 oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl-
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

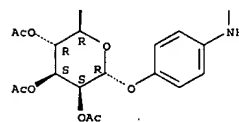
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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RN 187284-72-6 CAPLUS

CN .beta.-Alanine,

N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[[[3-[[4-[(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-
 acetyl-.alpha.-D-mannopyranosyl)oxy]phenyl]amino]-3-
 oxopropyl]thio]acetyl]glycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

L5 ANSWER 31 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:148250 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

124:197208

TITLE:

Thrombus Imaging Using Technetium-99m-Labeled High Potency GPIIb/IIIa Receptor Antagonists. Chemistry

and

Initial Biological Studies

AUTHOR(S):

Pearson, Daniel A.; Lister-James, John; McBride, William J.; Wilson, David M.; Martel, Lawrence J.; Civitello, Edgar R.; Dean, Richard T.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Diotech Inc., Londonderry, NH, 03053, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1996), 39(7), 1372-82

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB

Platelet-specific compds. which are radiolabeled with .gamma.-emitting radionuclides may be particularly useful for the noninvasive in vivo detection of thrombi. The synthesis of peptides which are potent inhibitors of platelet aggregation and which contain a chelator for the radionuclide technetium-99m are described. The target compds. were designed such that stable, oxotechnetium(V) species could be prepd. where the site of metal coordination was well defined. A strategy was employed where the pharmacophore -Arg-Gly-Asp- (RGD), or RGD mimetic, was constrained in a ring which was formed by the S-alkylation of a cysteine residue with an N-terminal chloroacetyl group. Binding affinities were enhanced by the replacement of arginine with the arginine mimetics S-(3-aminopropyl)cysteine and 4-aminophenylalanine. Further enhancements could be obtained by the synthesis of oligomers which contained two or more rings contg. receptor binding regions. The

increase

in binding affinity seen was more than that expected from a simple stoichiometric increase of pharmacophore. The most potent compds. described had IC50s of approx. 0.03 .mu.M for the inhibition of human platelet aggregation, which is comparable to the most potent fibrinogen antagonists reported to date. Two of the more potent peptides (P280 and P748) were labeled with technetium-99m and assessed in a canine thrombosis model. The 99mTc complexes of the peptides prepd. in this work should hold promise to serve as useful thrombus imaging agents due to their high receptor binding affinity, ease in prepn., and expected rapid pharmacokinetics.

IT

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(SPECT of thrombus using 99mTc-labeled GPIIb/IIIa receptor

antagonists:

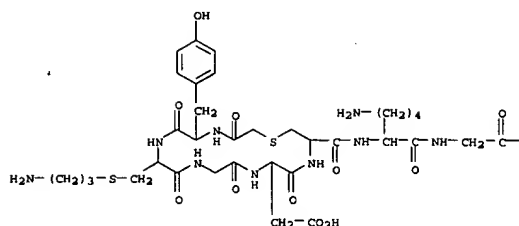
chem. and initial biol. studies)

RN 173963-88-7 CAPLUS

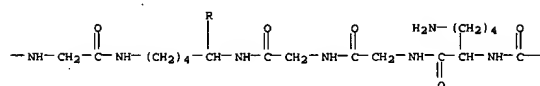
CN .beta.-Alaninamide, N6-[N2,N6-bis[N-(mercaptoacetyl)-D-tyrosyl-S-(3-aminopropyl)-L-cysteinylglycyl]-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-cysteinyl-L-lysylglycylglycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysylglycyl]-L-cysteinyl-, cyclic (1.fwdarw.5), (1'.fwdarw.5')-bis(thioether) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L5 ANSWER 31 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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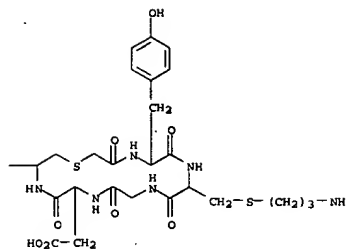


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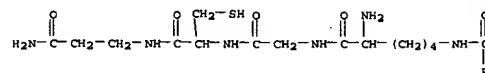


L5 ANSWER 31 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-C



PAGE 2-A



L5 ANSWER 32 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:331937 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:79699
 TITLE: Synthetic collagen-like domain derived from the macrophage scavenger receptor binds acetylated low-density lipoprotein in vitro
 AUTHOR(S): Tanaka, Toshiki; Nishikawa, Akemi; Tanaka, Yuyi; Nakamura, Haruki; Kodama, Tatuhiro; Imanishi, Takeshi;
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Doi, Takefumi
 SOURCE: Protein Eng. Res. Inst., Osaka, 565, Japan
 CODEN: PRENE9; ISSN: 0269-2139
 PUBLISHER: Oxford University Press
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 AB The bovine macrophage scavenger receptor is a 70 kDa membrane protein that

is trimerized on the macrophage cell surface. The receptor binds modified low-d. lipoproteins (LDL). The core binding site is located within 22 residues at the C-terminus of the collagen-like domain of the receptor. The Lys residue at position 337 plays an important role in ligand binding. Here, the collagen-like domain was constructed using a peptide architecture technique, in which three collagenous peptide chains were crosslinked at their N-termini. The crosslinked peptide showed a collagen-like structure by CD and existed mainly in a monomeric triple helical form as shown by gel exclusion chromatog. The triple-stranded peptide was demonstrated to bind acetylated LDL (Ac-LDL) using regions derived from Gly323 to Lys-340 of the natural bovine scavenger receptor. However, a single-stranded peptide with the same amino acid sequence did not bind Ac-LDL. Furthermore, a triple-stranded mutated peptide in which Lys corresponding to Lys337 in the mother protein was substituted with

Ala showed no binding activity to Ac-LDL. These results, taken together, indicate that the synthetic collagen-like peptide has a similar structure to the binding site in the scavenger receptor, and support the view that the collagen-like domain of the natural scavenger receptor recognizes Ac-LDL.

IT 178668-70-7P 178668-71-8P 178668-72-9P
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN

(Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthetic collagen-like domain derived from the macrophage scavenger receptor binds acetylated low-d. lipoprotein in vitro)

RN 178668-70-7 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, L-cysteinyglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-threonylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-prolylglycyl-L-leucyl-L-asparaginyglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-lysylglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-lysylglycyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-

lysylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolyl-,
 (1.fwdarw.1'''), (1'.fwdarw.1'''), (1''.fwdarw.1''''')-tris(thioether)

with N2,N6-bis[N-(mercaptoacetyl)-.beta.-.alanyl-.beta.-.alanyl]-L-lysyl-N6-[N-(mercaptoacetyl)-.beta.-.alanyl-.beta.-.alanyl]-L-lysylglycyl-L-tyrosinamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L5 ANSWER 32 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 178668-71-8 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, L-cysteinyglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-threonylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-prolylglycyl-L-leucyl-L-asparaginyglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-lysylglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-lysylglycyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-

lysylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolyl-,
 (1.fwdarw.1'''), (1'.fwdarw.1'''), (1''.fwdarw.1''''')-tris(thioether)

with N2,N6-bis[N-(mercaptoacetyl)-.beta.-.alanyl-.beta.-.alanyl]-L-lysyl-N6-[N-(mercaptoacetyl)-.beta.-.alanyl-.beta.-.alanyl]-L-lysyl-6-aminohexanoyl-N6-[6-[(5-[(3aS,4S,6aR)-hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-4-yl)-1-oxopentyl]amino]-1-oxohexyl]-L-lysyl-L-tyrosinamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

RN 178668-72-9 CAPLUS

CN Glycinamide, L-cysteinyglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-threonylglycyl-L-lysyl-L-prolylglycyl-L-leucyl-L-asparaginyglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-lysylglycyl-L-glutaminy-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-

lysylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolylglycyl-L-prolyl-(4R)-4-hydroxy-L-prolyl-,
 (1.fwdarw.1'''), (1'.fwdarw.1'''), (1''.fwdarw.1''''')-tris(thioether)

with N2,N6-bis[N-(mercaptoacetyl)-.beta.-.alanyl-.beta.-.alanyl]-L-lysyl-N6-[N-(mercaptoacetyl)-.beta.-.alanyl-.beta.-.alanyl]-L-lysyl-6-aminohexanoyl-N6-[6-[(5-[(3aS,4S,6aR)-hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-4-yl)-1-oxopentyl]amino]-1-oxohexyl]-L-lysyl-L-tyrosinamide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

L5 ANSWER 33 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:155533 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:212160

TITLE: Monoamine, diamide, thiol-containing metal

chelating agents

INVENTOR(S): McBride, William; Deen, Richard T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Diatech, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 64 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 44

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9533497	A1	19951214	WO 1995-US6914	19950601
W:	AU, BR, CA, CN, JP, KR			
CA 2191951	AA	19951214	CA 1995-2191951	19950601
AU 9526944	A1	19960104	AU 1995-26944	19950601
AU 707040	B2	19990701		
BR 9507917	A	19970812	BR 1995-7917	19950601
CN 1158090	A	19970827	CN 1995-194356	19950601
CN 1093424	B	20021030		
EP 804252	A2	19971105	EP 1995-922159	19950601
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,			
IE				
JP 10501531	T2	19980210	JP 1995-501181	19950601
ZA 9504548	A	19960315	ZA 1995-4548	19950602
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1994-253973	A 19940603
			WO 1995-US6914	W 19950601

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 124:212160

AB The invention relates to reagents useful in prepg. radiolabeled

diagnostic

and therapeutic agents (radiopharmaceuticals). Specifically, the invention provides such reagents that are monoamine, diamide, and thiol-contg. metal chelators. Methods of making such reagents, and methods of using the radiopharmaceuticals produced therefrom are also provided.

IT 174350-40-4DP, technetium 99 complexes 174350-58-4DP,

technetium 99 complexes

RL: PHU (Preparation, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(monoamine, diamide, and thiol-contg. metal chelating agents

as radiopharmaceuticals)

RN 174350-40-4 CAPLUS

CN L-Cysteinamide, N6-[N2,N6-bis[N-(mercaptoacetyl)-D-tyrosyl-S-(3-

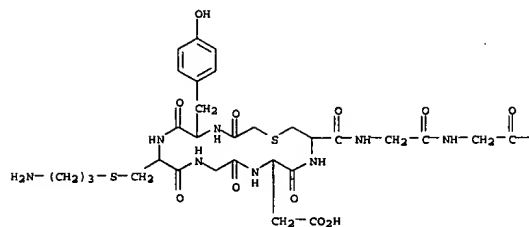
aminopropyl)-L-cysteinylglycyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-cysteinylglycylglycyl-

L-cysteinylglycylglycyl-L-lysyl]-L-lysylglycyl-, cyclic

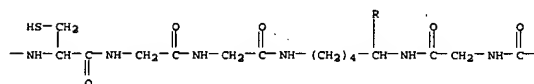
(1.fwdarw.5), (1'.fwdarw.5')-bis(thioether) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L5 ANSWER 33 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

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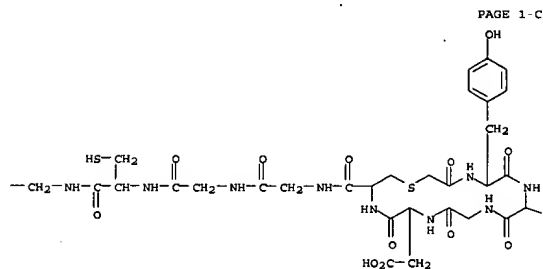
PAGE 1-B



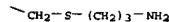
L5 ANSWER 33 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

L5 ANSWER 33 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

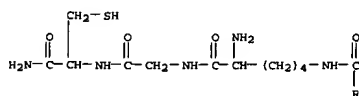
PAGE 1-A



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RN 174350-58-4 CAPLUS

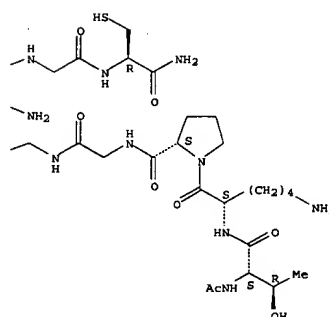
CN L-Cysteinamide,

N6-[N2,N6-bis[N-[N-(N-acetyl-L-threonyl)-L-lysyl]-L-

prolyl]glycyl]glycyl-L-lysyl]-L-lysylglycyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B



IT 174350-40-4P 174350-58-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(monoamine, diamide, and thiol-contg. metal chelating agents

as radiopharmaceuticals)

RN 174350-40-4 CAPLUS

CN L-Cysteinamide, N6-[N2,N6-bis[N-(mercaptoacetyl)-D-tyrosyl-S-(3-

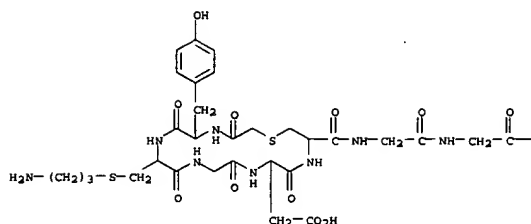
aminopropyl)-L-cysteinylglycyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-cysteinylglycylglycyl-

L-cysteinylglycylglycyl-L-lysyl]-L-lysylglycyl-, cyclic

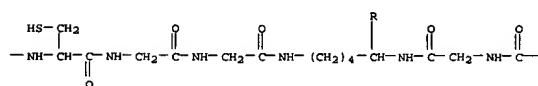
(1.fwdarw.5), (1'.fwdarw.5')-bis(thioether) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L5 ANSWER 33 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

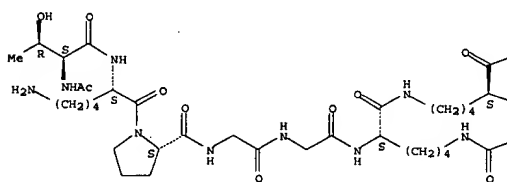


PAGE 1-B

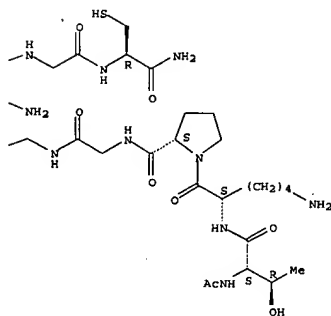
L5 ANSWER 33 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)
prolyl]glycyl]glycyl]-L-lysyl]-L-lysyl]glycyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

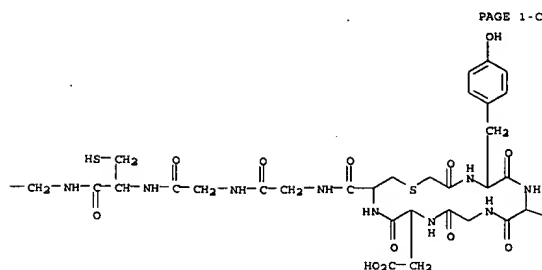


PAGE 1-B

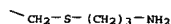


L5 ANSWER 33 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS (Continued)

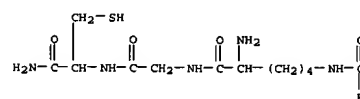
PAGE 1-C



PAGE 1-D



PAGE 2-A

RN 174350-58-4 CAPLUS
CN L-Cysteinamide,
N6-[N2,N6-bis[N-[N-[1-[N2-(N-acetyl-L-threonyl)-L-lysyl]-L-

L5 ANSWER 34 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:858801 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:250205
TITLE: Peptide-chelator conjugates for diagnostic imaging
INVENTOR(S): Goodbody, Anne; Pollok, Alfred
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Resolution Pharmaceuticals Inc., Can.
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.
CODEN: FIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9522996	A2	19950831	WO 1995-CA106	19950224
WO 9522996	A3	19951012		
W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, MX, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA				
RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 5569745	A	19961029	US 1994-202178	19940225
CA 2182670	AA	19950831	CA 1995-2182670	19950224
AU 9518033	A1	19950911	AU 1995-18033	19950224
EP 746340	A1	19961211	EP 1995-909606	19950224
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 09509419	T2	19970922	JP 1995-522045	19950224
US 5679642	A	19971021	US 1996-713484	19960913
US 5865544	A	19990202	US 1997-955263	19971021
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1994-202178 19940225				
WO 1995-CA106 19950224				
US 1996-713484 19960913				

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:250205
AB Peptide-chelator conjugates are provided that, when labeled with a traceable metal, are useful for diagnostic imaging of sites of inflammation. The peptide component is an antagonist of the naturally occurring tetrapeptide tuftsin, while the chelator component serves as a labeling site for metals, in particular radionuclide metals such as ^{99m}Tc. Thus, i.m. zymosan-induced inflammation in rats was visualized by scintigraphy with i.v. injected, ^{99m}Tc-labeled N,N-dimethylglycyl-Ser-acetamidomethylcysteinyl-Gly-Thr-Gln-Pro-Arg. The inflamed muscle contained 0.070% of the administered radioactivity per

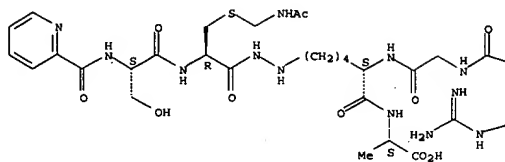
g after 30 min, and the ratio of radioactivity in inflamed vs. uninflamed muscle was 5.0. In the above peptide, N-dimethylglycyl-Ser-acetamidomethylcysteine represents the chelating moiety, and Thr-Gln-Pro-Arg is the tuftsin analog moiety.

IT 169048-14-ODP, chelates
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(peptide-chelator conjugates for diagnostic imaging)

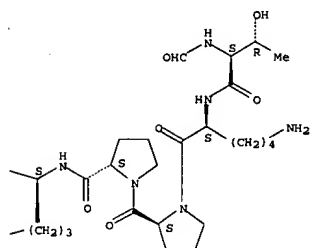
RN 169048-14-0 CAPLUS
CN L-Alanine, N-[6-[2-[S-[(acetylamino)methyl]-N-[N-(2-pyridinylcarbonyl)-L-seryl]-L-cysteinyl]hydrazino]-N-[N-[N2-[1-[1-[N2-(N-formyl-L-threonyl)-L-lysyl]-L-prolyl]-L-arginyl]glycyl]-L-norleucyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

[illegible]

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.
CODEN: BIXYD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9425071	A1	19941110	WO 1994-1B93	19940505
W: AT, AU, BR, CA, CH, CN, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, LU, NL, NO, PL, RO, RU, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
US 6001364	A	19991214	US 1993-105904	19930831
US 6174530	B1	20001016	US 1993-114877	19930831
EP 67891	A1	19960228	EP 1994-913192	19940505
EP 67891	B1	20000329		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT,				

SE	JP 08510210	T3	19961029	JP 1994-524080	19940505
	AU 696153	B2	19980205	AU 1994-65438	19940505
	AT 191148	E	20000415	AT 1994-913192	19940505
	US 6217873	B1	20010417	US 1993-537928	19961005
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				US 1996-57594	A 19930505
				US 1993-105904	A 19930831
				US 1993-114877	A 19930831
				WO 1994-1893	N 19940505

WO 1994-1B93 W 19940505
AB Provided by this invention are essentially homogeneous, defined compns.
of

matter and hetero-polyoximes of defined structure comprising a baseplate structure having a plurality of oxime bonds, wherein each oxime bond

links a specifically active mol. (e.g., a bioactive peptide) to the baseplate. Also provided are novel baseplates having a plurality of oxime-forming complementary reactive groups and novel specifically reactive mols.

Complementary reactive groups and novel, specifically reactive moieties having a oxime-forming complementary reactive group. Additionally, methods are described for prepping these novel compounds by chemoselectively ligating via oxime bond formation a complementary orthogonal reactive group on the baseplate to a complementary reactive orthogonal group on a specifically active moiety. Pharmaceutical compounds containing these polyoximes and methods

of inducing an immune response or of imaging cells with the polyoximes are

claimed. Baseplate structures contg. aminoxyacetyl (AOA) or glyoxylyl (GLX) reactive groups and peptides with complementary reactivity, i.e., peptides contg. GLX or AOA termini, were prepd. The polyoximes were formed by reaction of the baseplates and peptide deriva.

IT 160818-36-02
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of peptide-contg. polyoximes for use as pharmaceuticals and

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:264827 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:264827

DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:

TITLE: Metal chelating peptide
INVENTOR(S): Gargano, Joan

INVENTOR(S): Gariepy, Jean
PATENT ASSIGNOR(S): Ontario, Canada: Institute, Sci

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ontario Cancer Institute
SOURCE: DCT Int. J. 25 pp.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl

CODEN: JCLM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: E

FAMILY ACC. NUM. CO

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9323425	A1	19931125	WO 1993-CA207	19930507

W: JP
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
CA 2094785 AA 19931109 CA 1993-2094785 19930423

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1992-880691 19920508
AB A branched peptide carrying a no. of chelating groups (metal chelating peptide (MCP)) has a C-terminus that may be structured to provide a variety of means for unidirectional coupling to a targeting agent such as an antibody. The no. of metal chelating sites may be quite large (in excess of 16). The MCP can be used to deliver a conc.

radionuclides to a target cell by coupling the MCP to a targeting agent. A branched peptide with a C-terminal basic amino group is synthesized by t-Boc chem. with branches introduced by coupling to ϵ -siloxy-amino groups of lysine and EDTA moieties added as the t-Bu protected deriv. Methods for coupling the protein to antibodies via the carbohydrate moiety using a maleimide are discussed.

IT 154531-07-4
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(as metal chelating peptide for targetted delivery of metal
redoxin) (den)

radionuclides)
BN 154521-07-4 CARLUS

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KN      154531-07-4  CAPLUS
CN      .beta.-Alanine, N-(N-[N-[N2,N6-bis(N2,N6-bis(N2,N6-bis(N-[N-[2-
(bis(carboxymethyl)amino)ethyl]-N-(carboxymethyl)glycyl)glycyl)-D-lysyl)-D-
lvavll-D-lvavll-D-tyroavll-D-alavll-D-cvareinvll- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

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*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

IT 154531-08-SD, derivs. with coupling reagents
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(as metal chelating peptide for targetted delivery of metal
radionuclides, conjugation with targetting moieties)

beta.-Alanine, N-[N2-[N-[N-[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N2,N6-bis[N-[N-[2-

(bis(carboxymethyl)amino)ethyl-N-(carboxymethyl)glycylglycyl-D-lysyl-D-lysyl-D-lysyl-D-tyrosyl-D-alanyl-D-lysyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of, as metal chelating peptide for targetted delivery
 of metal radionuclides)

tetrazahexacos-1-yl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-lysylaminoethylidethiolpropyl-L-tyrosyl-L-cysteyl-L-oxopropyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-L-lysyl-L-alanyl-, (11,6darw.1')-amide with glycol-L-tyrosyl-L-ceryl-L-threonyl-L-prolyl-L-prolyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-valyl-L- α -glutamyl-L- α -aspartyl-L-prolinamide (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

AB A DNA transporter system capable of non-covalently binding to DNA and facilitating the insertion of the DNA into a cell is described. The DNA transporter system includes a binding complex which non-covalently binds the DNA. The binding complex includes a moi. that is capable of non-covalently binding to the DNA and being covalently linked to a surface ligand and to a nuclear ligand. The surface ligand is capable of binding to a cell surface receptor and the nuclear ligand is capable of recognizing and transporting the transporter system through the nuclear membrane. A plurality of these binding complexes are attached to the DNA to facilitate the transport of the DNA into the cell. Additionally, a third binding complex which includes a virus can also be non-covalently linked to the DNA. The virus facilitates the movement of the DNA through the cytoplasm and into the nucleus. Also described are a variety of structures which can be used as part of the transporter system as well as methods of using the transporter system to introduce DNA into cells. A nucleoside, oligonucleoside, or nucleotide designed to target SV40 vectors to specific cells and then to the nucleus of the targeted cell was prepd. The oligonucleotide, which was linked to an intercalating dye, comprised thymine and 5-Me cytosine. Attached via linkers were ligands for cell surface receptors and nuclear localization peptides.